



**Oxylog® 2000 plus Pocket Guide** Software version 1.n The Oxylog 2000 plus Pocket Guide is not a replacement or substitute for the Instructions for Use. Any use of the device requires full understanding and strict observation of the Instructions for Use. The user must be familiar with the device according to the national and local laws and recommendations. There will be no exchange of the Pocket Guide when the product is updated/upgraded.

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### Front panel with all options

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#### Front panel with all options

- A Screen with screen pages for the specific application
- B Key Alarms >>> for setting and displaying alarm limits
- **C** Key **Settings**  $\triangleright \triangleright$  for setting other ventilation parameters on the screen
- D Key for ventilation mode VC-CMV / VC-AC
- E Key for ventilation mode VC-SIMV (PS)\*
- F Key for ventilation mode SpnCPAP (PS)\*
- G Red and yellow lights (LEDs) as alarm indicators
- H Key 💢 to suppress the audible alarm for 2minutes
- I Key Alarm Reset for acknowledging alarm messages
- J Start / Standby key 🔿
- \* Pressure Support and Non-Invasive Ventilation are optional features.

- K Display symbols for the power supply □ → Charge status of the internal battery ↓ Mains power supply connected
- L Central rotary knob for making selections / settings and for confirming these
- M Control knob for setting O2 AirMix or 100% O2 FiO2
- N Control knob for setting the maximum inspiratory pressure Pmax
- O Control knob for setting the ventilation respiratory rate RR
- P Control knob for setting the tidal volume VT
- **Q** Key Values >>> to select the displayed measured values
- R Key Values >> to select the displayed measured MVe or VTe values

### Side view, right

- A Emergency air intake
- B Screw to secure the battery compartment cover
- C Connectors for flow measuring hoses
- D Connectors for ventilation hose
- E Connector for medical gas hose
- F Socket for DC supply
- **G** Window for Infrared Data Association (IrDA) interface



### Rear view

A Filter cartridge for intake of ambient airB Rating plate



# **Breathing Systems**

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#### Reusable hose system

- A Breathing valve
- **B** Ventilation hose
- C Flow and pressure measuring hoses
- D Angled connector
- E Flow sensor

#### Disposable hose system

- A Breathing valve
- B Ventilation hose
- C Flow and pressure measuring hoses
- D Flow sensor
- E Angled connector





### Assemble the reusable hose system

- 1 Place the diaphragm (B) in the breathing valve. Ensure that it is inserted correctly.
- 2 Fit the cover (A) and turn it approximately 90° clockwise to secure into position.
- **3** Push the flow sensor (C) into breathing valve. Note the preferred position as indicated by the groove.
- 4 Connect the angled connector (D) to the flow sensor.



### Connect the reusable hose system



- 1 Connect the ventilation hose (A) to the breathing valve.
- **2** Connect the flow measuring hoses (B) to the nozzles on the flow sensor. Note the different diameters.
- 3 Connect the flow measuring (C) hoses to the Oxylog 2000 plus.
- 4 Connect the ventilation hose (D) to the gas outlet on the Oxylog 2000 *plus*.



### Connect the disposable hose system

- 1 Connect the blue flow measuring hose (B) to the blue gas connector.
- **2** Connect the transparent flow measuring hose (A) to the other gas connector.
- **3** Connect the ventilation hose (C) to the gas outlet on the Oxylog 2000 *plus*.

#### When changing the ventilation hose system

If the reusable ventilation hose system is to be used instead of a disposable hose system or vice versa:

- 1 Have the nozzles on the device changed by trained service specialists.
- 2 Reconfigure the device accordingly.



# When using a bacterial filter or HME

Connect the bacterial filter or HME to the angled connector.



Bacterial filter or HME

### Connecting the power supply

The Oxylog 2000 *plus* is designed to operate on power supplies with different voltages:

- DC voltage from the on-board power supply:
  - Via DC/DC converter
  - With AC/DC power pack
- With rechargeable battery (specified Smart Battery)

### Internal supply with rechargeable battery

#### Installing the battery

- 1 Insert a fully charged battery into the battery compartment (A).
- 2 Attach the connector at the bottom.
- 3 Turn the cover upwards (B).
- 4 Tighten the screw (C).

#### Checking the charge of the battery

Press the button on the rechargeable battery. The charge status is indicated as a percentage by LEDs.



# Charging the battery

- 1 The green lamp ⊥ (B) lights up when the battery is actively charging.
- 2 A three colored indicator (A) lights up to show the current charge status of the internal battery:
  - Green: when the battery has been fully charged.
  - Yellow: while the battery is being charged.
  - Red: if a battery has not been inserted or a technical failure occurred.
  - Indicators (A) and (B) remain off while the ventilator is being operated from the internal battery.
  - Additional alarms can draw attention to the remaining operating time of the battery.
  - When operated via the rechargeable battery, the brightness of the ventilator screen is reduced in order to save power.
  - The screen brightness is automatically increased to maximum for one minute while settings are being made.



### Indication of battery capacity / battery operation

The remaining capacity of the battery is indicated by Oxylog 2000 *plus* in 25% increments in the lower right section of the information window when power is ON.

The capacity indication is overwritten if higher priority messages are activated.

VC-CMV					
MVe	Paw	PEEP	[mbar]	5	
5.6	mbar 60ך	I:E		1:1.5	
112 L/min	40	Tplat %	[%]	0	
PEEP	20	Trigger	[L/min]	off	
5.				$\frown$	
1)5 mbar				/ 112	
Gas consump. = 2.1 L/min					
Example: 75% charge					

### External power supply

#### External power supply from mains power (AC/DC power pack)

- 1 Connect the mains plug (A) to the mains outlet.
- 2 Connect the DC plug (B) to the DC connector on the Oxylog 2000 *plus*.
- 3 When the Oxylog 2000 *plus* is connected to an external supply, the indicator ⊒ (C) lights up.



#### External power supply with DC/DC converter

The DC/DC converter must be used to connect the Oxylog 2000 *plus* to permanently installed onboard battery systems of different voltages (12 V, 24 V, 28 V DC).

- 1 Plug the large connector (A) of the DC/DC converter into the on-board supply.
- 2 Plug the small connector (B) into the DC connector of the Oxylog 2000 *plus*.
- 3 When the Oxylog 2000 *plus* is connected to an external supply, the indicator ⊥ (C) lights up.



# Connecting the gas supply from an O<sub>2</sub> cylinder

#### Connecting the gas supply supply from an O<sub>2</sub> cylinder

- 1 Use a full  $O_2$  cylinder.
- **2** Connect the pressure reducer (270 to 600 kPa delivery pressure, 500 kPa nominal pressure) to the O<sub>2</sub> cylinder.
- **3** Connect the  $O_2$  medical gas hose (A) to the Oxylog 2000 plus.
- 4 Connect the  ${\rm O}_2$  medical gas hose to the pressure reducer (B).
- 5 Rotate the cylinder valve (C) slowly and open fully.



# Supply from a piped medical gas system

- 1 Connect the  $O_2$  medical gas hose (A) to the Oxylog 2000 *plus*.
- **2** Connect the gas hose (B) to the  $O_2$  terminal unit until the supply of  $O_2$  is confirmed.



### Determining the approximate pneumatic operating time for the Oxylog<sup>®</sup> 2000 plus

The pneumatic operation time increases when Oxylog 2000 *plus* operates with  $O_2$  AirMix, as ambient air is drawn into the device. The amount of gas from the high-pressure supply, which is currently being consumed, is indicated by the Oxylog 2000 *plus* in the lower left section of the information window in L/min. This display is overwritten when a higher priority message is activated.



Example:  $O_2$  consumption = 2.1 L/min

### Determining the approximate pneumatic operating time for the Oxylog® 2000 plus

Example for supply of medical gas:

- Cylinder pressure measured on the pressure gauge of the pressure reducer: 20,000 kPa (200 bar)
- Liquid capacity of the O2 cylinder: 2.1 L

Supply of medical gas: 2.1 L x 20,000 kPa = approximately 420 L

Example for pneumatic operation time:

- VC-CMV mode, respiratory rate 10 breaths /min, VT = 1 L, O<sub>2</sub> = 100%
- Minute volume = 10 breaths /min x 1 L = 10L/min

Operation time =  $\frac{\text{Medical gas supply [L]}}{(\text{MV +0.5*}) [\text{L/min}]}$ 

Operation time =  $\frac{420}{10.5}$  = approx. 40 minutes

\* Calculated with average gas consumption of ventilator: 0.5 L/min

# Starting operation

The Oxylog 2000 *plus* Pocket Guide is not a replacement or substitute for the Instructions for Use. Any use of the device requires full understanding and strict observation of the Instructions for Use.

#### Switch ON

The Oxylog 2000 plus performs a self-test.

• The self-test will be completed in approximately six seconds.

Upon completion of the self-test, the ventilator automatically begins ventilation with the default settings. The opening display with configured settings is displayed if the central rotary knob is not pressed. The manufacturer's default settings are:

- Ventilation mode VC-CMV.
- Ventilation time ratio I:E = 1:1.5.
- Positive end expiratory pressure **PEEP** = 5 mbar.
- Plateau time **Tplat** % = 0%.
- Trigger = OFF.



### Shutdown

After disconnecting the patient switch the ventilator OFF:

1 Press the key  $\bigcirc$  (A) for approximately 3 seconds.

The yellow lamp flashes and ventilation is terminated by the device.

 ${\bf 2}\,$  Press the rotary knob (B) to acknowledge the alarm

**!!!** Confirm device OFF with rotary knob.



# Perform device check



#### Connect the test lung

- 1 Connect the angled adapter (A) to the breathing valve.
- 2 Connect the catheter connector (B), diameter 7 mm, to the angled adapter. The catheter connector simulates the resistance of the airways.
- **3** Connect the test lung (C).

# 

#### Switch ON

1 To switch ON briefly press the ⇔ key (B).

The device performs a self-test and the operator is prompted, on the display, to activate the configuration menu or device check:



- 2 Press the rotary knob (A) to confirm, before the bar is full.
- **3** Select Device check in the main menu and confirm.

#### NOTE:

The device check can be discontinued at any time by pressing the **»Alarm Reset**« key.

### Ventilation controls

#### Selecting the ventilation mode

1. Press the appropriate ventilation mode key (A) for approximately 3 seconds.

Or

- 1 Press the appropriate ventilation mode key (A).
- 2 Press the rotary knob (B) to confirm. The selected ventilation mode will be activated.
- **3** The active ventilation mode is displayed in the upper left corner of the display (C).



# Preparing ventilation mode

#### Set ventilation parameters

- 1 Set the required control below the display. Or
- 2 Select, set and confirm a parameter on the display with the rotary knob.

The former settings are retained if confirmation is not received within 15 seconds. Attention is drawn to this fact by the advisory message. **! Settings not confirmed.** 

When the PEEP setting is increased above 10 mbar, a message **Confirm PEEP above 10 mbar?** will appear to request confirmation of the change. The PEEP setting can be increased to the desired setting after the message is acknowledged with the rotary knob.

VC-CMV			! Setting	gs not coi	nfirmed
MVe	Paw	esh su	PEEP	[mbar]	5
5.6		160 g	I:E		1:1.5
11 <u>12</u> L/min		40	Tplat %	[%]	0
PEEP		20	Trigger	[L/min]	off
5.		-0			
1)5 mbar					1/2
Gas consump. = 2.1 L/min					

#### Available ventilation modes

• VC-CMV / VC-AC

Volume Controlled - Controlled Mandatory Ventilation with PEEP. Volume Controlled - Assist Control with PEEP.

- VC-SIMV (Optionally with Pressure Support) Volume Controlled - Synchronized Intermittent Mandatory Ventilation with PEEP.
- SpnCpap Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (Optionally with Pressure Support) Spontaneous breathing with positive airway pressure.

#### For heart-lung resuscitation

During heart-lung resuscitation, the airway pressure Paw is limited to the set Pmax value by the Oxylog 2000 *plus*, without ending inspiration prematurely (pressure-limited, nonconstant-volume ventilation when Pmax is reached). If Pmax is set to a higher value, a higher minute volume is possible.

# VC-CMV / VC-AC

**VC-CMV** – Volume Controlled - Controlled Mandatory Ventilation. Volume-controlled ventilation with fixed mandatory minute volume MV, set with tidal volume VT and respiratory rate RR.

Set the ventilation pattern with the controls below the display:

- Tidal volume VT.
- Ventilation respiratory rate **RR**. (minimum possible respiratory rate: 5 per min).
- Maximum airway pressure Pmax.
- +  $O_2$  setting,  $O_2$  AirMix or 100%  $O_2$  FiO<sub>2</sub>.

The following can be set on the display:

- Positive end expiratory pressure PEEP.
- Ventilation time ratio I:E.
- Plateau time Tplat %, in % of the inspiration time.



VC-CMV				
MVe	Paw mbar	PEEP	[mbar]	5
4.6	110ar	I:E		1:1.5
11)2 L/min		Tplat %	[%]	0
PEEP	20	Trigger	[L/min]	off
5	<b>1</b> 0			
1)5 mbar				1,12
VT = 500 mL	Ti =2.0	5	Flow = 15	5 Umin

# Trigger (VC-AC)

#### Activating/setting the trigger

- 1 Press the key **Settings** ▷▷ (A) until the trigger parameter is displayed.
- **2** Select the line **Trigger** on the display and then set and confirm the value with the rotary knob.

Small value = high sensitivity.

The ventilation mode VC-AC is shown on the display.

#### Deactivate trigger

- 1 Set a value less than 3 L/min or greater than 15 L/min (off is displayed instead of a value).
- 2 Press the rotary knob to confirm.

The last effective trigger value is adopted by the ventilator when changing from VC-AC to SpnCPAP.

Successful patient triggering is briefly indicated by an asterisk (\*) in the middle of the status and alarm message window.

#### NOTE

If in VC-CMV the trigger is set **»on**«, the ventilation mode changes into VC-AC.



# VC-SIMV (optional PS)

VC-SIMV - Volume Controlled - Synchronized Intermittent Mandatory Ventilation

For patients with inadequate spontaneous breathing, or for patients who are to be weaned gradually.

Fixed mandatory minute volume MV is set with tidal volume VT and ventilation respiratory rate RR. The patient can breathe spontaneously between the mandatory ventilation strokes and thus contribute to the total minute volume. Spontaneous breathing can be assisted with PS.

Set the ventilation pattern with the controls below the display:

- Tidal volume VT.
- Respiratory Rate **RR**. (minimum possible respiratory rate: 2 per min).
- Maximum airway pressure Pmax.
- O2 setting FiO2.
- Inspiration time Ti.
- Plateau time **Tplat** %, in % of the inspiration time.
- Positive end expiratory pressure PEEP
- Sensitivity Trigger.



VC-SIMV				
MVe	Paw	Ti	[s]	2.0
5.9	mbar 60 ך	Tplat %	[%]	0
1)2 L/min		PEEP	[mbar]	5
PEEP	20			
5	<b>□</b> - 1₀			
ing mbar				1,3
Gas consump. = 2.1 L/min				

### VC-SIMV (optional PS)

#### Pressure support (optional)

The following can also be set on the display for VC-SIMV / PS:

- Setting on page 1: Pressure support Δ**Psupp** above PEEP.
- Setting on page 2: Pressure rise time **Slope**

flat ramp = long pressure rise time

- / medium ramp = medium pressure rise time
- steep ramp = short pressure rise time.

VC-SIMV/PS						
MVe	Paw	Ti	[5]	2.0		
5.6	110ar	Tplat %	[%]	0		
1)2 L/min	40	PEEP	[mbar]	5		
PEEP	-20	∆Psupp	[mbar]	3		
5.						
1)5 mbar				1/3		
Gas consump. = 2.1 L/min						

# SpnCPAP (optional PS) (optional NIV)

SpnCPAP - Continuous Positive Airway Pressure

Set the ventilation pattern with the controls below the display:

- Maximum airway pressure Pmax.
- O2 setting FiO2.

#### Pressure support (optional)

The following can additionally be set on the display for SpnCPAP / PS:

- Pressure support  $\Delta Psupp$  above PEEP.
- Sensitivity **Trigger** (for synchronization with the patient's spontaneous breathing efforts). Successful patient triggering is briefly indicated by an asterisk(\*) in the middle of the status alarm messages window.
- Pressure rise time **Slope** (for pressure support  $\Delta$ **Psupp**).

CPAP/PS	*	•			
MVe	Paw		PEEP	[mbar]	5
3.1		160 <sup>mbar</sup>	ΔPsupp	[mbar]	3
112 Límin		40	Trigger	[L/min]	3
PEEP		20	Slope		~
5		-0			
1)5 mbar		1			103
Gas consump.					

### SpnCPAP (Apnea Ventilation)

Apnea back-up ventilation is only applicable when using the SpnCPAP mode. In the event of an apnea, the ventilator will automatically activate volume controlled mandatory ventilation (VC-CMV).

#### Setting apnea ventilation

On the display:

- **1** Press the **Settings**  $\triangleright \triangleright$  key until page <sup>2/3</sup> appears.
- 2 Set Tapn with the rotary knob to a value between 15 and 60 sec.
- 3 Set RRapn and VTapn.
- 4 Set **Pmax**. This determines the maximum airway pressure allowed during apnea ventilation.

The ventilation time ratio I:E = 1:1.5 and the plateau time Tplat % = 0 are preset during apnea ventilation.

To switch apnea ventilation OFF

- Set Tapn to OFF (see setting apnea ventilation above) To end apnea ventilation
- Press the Alarm Reset key.



CPAP/PS			!!!	Apnea ve	entilation
MVe 3.6	Paw m רי	ibar 50	NIV Tapn	[5]	off 15
<b>ma</b> L/min PEEP 5		40 20 0	VTapn RRapn	[mL] [/min]	500 12
Gas consump. :	 = 2.1 Ц	ímin			<u>- 273</u> (====)

### NIV - Non-Invasive Ventilation (optional)

NIV (optional) can only be activated as a supplementary function in the pressure controlled ventilation modes SpnCPAP and SpnCPAP / PS. Mask leakages are detected by the device, compensated and included in the measured values for VTe and MVe. The leakage alarm is inactive.

• The supplement NIV appears in the upper section of the display.



Please refer to the NIV section of the Instructions for Use for a clear understanding of risks associated with NIV use.

### Display operating controls

- A Values ▷▷ key; to change screen pages in the "Measured Values" window, to display MVe or VTe.
- B Values ▷▷ key; to change screen pages in the "Measured values" window, to display the measured values.
- **C Settings** ▷▷ key; to change screen pages in the "Setting" window, to set other ventilation parameters.
- D Alarms ▷▷ key; to change screen pages in the "Alarms" window, to set and display the alarm limits.
- E Central rotary knob for selecting and confirming options on the display.



### In the event of an alarm

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- The LED (A) flashes red or yellow. And
- The alarm message appears on the right of the status and alarm message window (C).

When the fault has been remedied the alarm tone is cancelled.

Alarms which have been remedied remain on the display and can be acknowledged (reset):

1 Press the Alarm Reset key (B).

The alarm message is removed from the display. Every alarm which has been remedied, but not acknowledged, will be overwritten by a new alarm or advisory message.

- **A**  $\bigotimes$  key for suppressing the audible alarm for 2 minutes.
- B Alarm Reset key for acknowledging alarm messages.



# Setting alarm limits

To set alarm limits for MV and RRsp

• Press the key Alarms  $\triangleright \triangleright (A)$ .

Display example Alarms screen with variable alarm limits:

✓ = lower alarm limit.

\_/▲ = upper alarm limit.

Alarm		Range	
MV	_/	2 to 41 L/min	
MV		0.5 to 40 L/min	
RRsp	_/	10 to 100 /min	

Set the maximum airway pressure Pmax via the Pmax control (B).

The airway pressure is limited when Pmax is reached; inspiration will not be terminated prematurely.

#### Setting alarm limits automatically (Autoset)

The function Auto alarm limits sets the alarm limits on the basis of the following actual measured values at the time of activation:

- MV \_/ : Measured value MV + 2 L/min
- MV \_\_\_\_\_. Measured value MV 2 L/min
- RRsp \_/ : Measured value RRsp + 5 /min, with a minimum of 10/min.

This automatic selection of alarm limits is performed only once, when confirmed, via the rotary knob.



# Displaying other measured values

#### MVe / VTe window

- A Parameter measured.
- B Measured value.
- C Unit of measure.
- D Page number.

#### Values window

In the values window five different values can be displayed. To switch between the values:

- Press the lower Values  $\triangleright \triangleright$  key: the next value is displayed on the screen.
- A Parameter measured.
- B Measured value.
- C Page number
- D Unit of measure



### Alarm - Cause - Remedy

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Oxylog 2000 *plus* classifies alarm messages according to three priority levels and identifies these accordingly with the aid of exclamation marks:

The following pages list the alarm messages in alphabetical order. If an alarm occurs, the table helps to identify causes and remedies.

!!! Warning	High priority alarm message		
!! Caution	Medium priority alarm message		
! Advisory	Low priority alarm message		

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
!!! Apnea	Spontaneous breathing by the patient has failed, or disconnection.	Ventilate in VC-CMV mode. Ensure that hose connections are tight.
	Faulty flow sensor.	Replace flow sensor.
In Apnea ventilation (only for SpnCPAP)	The ventilator has automatically switched over to mandatory ventilation after detecting an apnea (only in SpnCPAP mode).	Check ventilation mode. To return to original ventilation mode: Press the <b>Alarm Reset</b> key.
!! Charge int. battery	Oxylog 2000 <i>plus</i> draws its power from the internal battery due to the absence of an external DC supply. Only a few minutes of operating time remain (approximately 10 minutes).	The ventilator must immediately be reconnected to the mains supply, an onboard DC supply or a fully charged battery.
!! Check settings flow	The flow resulting from the settings for "Tidal volume <b>VT</b> per unit time" is not possible.	Change tidal volume <b>VT</b> or inspiratory time <b>Ti</b> or ventilation time ratio <b>I:E</b> .
!! Check settings time	The expiration time resulting from the settings for <b>RR</b> and <b>I:E</b> or <b>Ti</b> is not possible.	Change <b>RR</b> or <b>I:E</b> or <b>Ti</b> .

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
<pre>!!! Confirm device OFF with rotary knob</pre>	Key $\bigcirc$ has been pressed for 3 seconds.	To switch OFF: confirm with the rotary knob. To continue ventilation, press key $^{\circlearrowright}$ again.
!!! Device failure	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.
!! Flow measurement inop	Measurement hoses for flow measurement hoses kinked, disconnected or leaking.	Ensure flow measurement hoses are connected correctly.
	Flow sensor defective.	Replace flow sensor.
	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support – restricted operation is now possible.
!! Gas delivery failure	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
!! High respiratory rate	Patient breathes at a high spontaneous rate.	Check patient's condition, check ventilation pattern, correct alarm limit <b>RRsp</b> if necessary.
!! Int. battery charging inop	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support – restricted operation is now possible.
!!! Int. battery discharged	The operating time for operation with the internal battery has expired and an external DC supply has not been connected.	The ventilator must immediately be reconnected to a mains supply, an on-board DC supply or a fully charged battery.
!! Int. battery in use	Oxylog 2000 <i>plus</i> draws its power from the internal battery due to the absence of an external DC supply.	Press the <b>Alarm Reset</b> key to confirm the alarm.
!! Key failed	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support – restricted operation is now possible.

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
!!! Leakage (not in NIV)	The measured expiratory tidal volume VTe is approximately 40% lower than the inspiratory value.	Repair leaks in hose system and possibly in the tube. Use new flow measuring hoses.
	Faulty flow sensor.	Replace flow sensor.
	The ventilator may not function properly.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.
!! Loss of data	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.
!! Loudspeaker inop	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support – restricted operation is now possible.
!!! MV high	The upper alarm limit for the minute volume MV has been exceeded.	Check patient's condition, check ventilation pattern, adjust alarm limits if necessary.
	Faulty flow sensor.	Replace flow sensor.
	The ventilator may not function properly.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
!!! MV low	The minute volume MV has dropped below its lower alarm limit.	Check patient's condition, check ventilation pattern, adjust alarm limits if necessary.
	Leak in exhalation system.	Ensure connections in exhalation system are tight.
	Faulty flow sensor.	Replace flow sensor.
	The ventilator may not function properly.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.
!! No int. battery ?	Internal battery not installed, faulty or wrong battery installed.	Fit battery or confirm alarm or change internal battery.
! No int. battery ?	Internal battery not installed, faulty or wrong battery installed.	Advisory message, is displayed continuously when confirmed. Change internal battery.
! No int. battery charging	Internal battery cannot be charged.	Press the <b>Alarm Reset</b> key to confirm the alarm. Change internal battery.

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
!!! Paw high	The alarm limit Pmax for the airway pressure has been reached. Patient "fights" the ventilator, coughing.	Check patient's condition, check ventilation pattern, adjust alarm limits if necessary.
	Ventilation hose kinked, or obstructed.	Check hose system, breathing valve and tube.
!!! Paw low	No pressure difference >5 mbar between inspiration and expiration or set pressure level is not achieved. Leak in cuff.	Inflate cuff and check for leaks.
	Leakage or disconnection.	Check hose system for leaking connections. Ensure that the breathing valve has been installed correctly.

Alarm	Cause	Remedy
!! Paw measurement inop	Fault in flow measurement hoses.	Ensure hose system for loose connections. Ensure flow measurement hoses are connected correctly.
	Technical defect.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support – restricted operation is now possible.
! Self test OK	The device has been switched on and the selftest completed successfully.	The message can be confirmed or it will be cancelled automatically with the next message.
!! Set correct FiO <sub>2</sub>	The control knob for setting $O_2$ AirMix or 100% $O_2$ is set in a middle position.	Set the control knob in the right or left position.
! Settings not confirmed	Parameters have been changed on the screen but not confirmed.	Press the rotary knob to confirm the parameter changes.
!! Supply pressure low	Supply pressure <270 kPa.	Ensure that supply pressure exceeds 270 kPa.

# Error messages during the device check

Message in the alarm window	Cause	Explanation/Remedy
No communication control- / charge-board	Device defective.	Contact your local DrägerService
System leakage	Leak in ventilation hose system and/or test lung.	Check hoses, breathing valve, flow sensor and test lung for leaks and replace if necessary.
No test lung	Test lung not connected or major leakage.	Connect test lung. Check hoses, breathing valve, flow sensor and test lung for leaks and replace if necessary.
Breathing valve inop	Breathing valve has malfunctioned.	Check correct condition of breathing valve including diaphragm and rubber disc; fit a new breathing valve if necessary or use a new disposable hose set.
Pressure measurement inop	The ventilation hose system has not been connected correctly.	Connect ventilation system correctly.
	Pressure measurement is not possible.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.
PEEP-valve inop	Internal leak in system.	Check hoses, breathing valve, flow sensor and test lung for leaks and replace if necessary.
	Device defective.	Contact your local DrägerService for additional support.

# Messages in the information window

Message	Cause	Explanation/Remedy
RR = 12 per min or VT = 800 mL I : E = 1 : 1.5 Flow = 15 L/min	Change in Ti, RR or VT in ventilation mode VC-SIMV.	
RR = 12 per min or VT = 800 mL Ti = 0.7 s Flow = 35 L/min	Change in I:E, RR or VT in ventilation mode VC-CMV, VC-AC.	
I : E = 1 : 1.5 Te = 2 s	Change in Ti.	
Confirm PEEP above 10 mbar ?	PEEP >10 mbar has been set but not confirmed.	The required setting of PEEP >10 mbar is only possible when confirmed via the rotary knob.
Gas consumption = 10 L/min	Standard display in information window for the current gas consumption.	
(Battery capacity)	Standard display in information window for the current battery capacity.	
Psupp = 22mbar	Change in $\Delta P$ supp or PEEP.	Psupp is the absolute pressure resulting from PEEP + $\Delta$ Psupp.

Notes:

#### **HEADQUARTERS**

Drägerwerk AG & Co. KGaA Moislinger Allee 53–55 23558 Lübeck, Germany

www.draeger.com

REGION EUROPE CENTRAL AND EUROPE NORTH Dräger Medical GmbH Moislinger Allee 53–55 23558 Lübeck, Germany Tel +49 451 882 0 Fax +49 451 882 2080 info@draeger.com **REGION EUROPE SOUTH** 

Dräger Médical S.A.S. Parc de Haute Technologie d'Antony 2 25, rue Georges Besse 92182 Antony Cedex, France Tel +33 1 46 11 56 00 Fax +33 1 40 96 97 20 dlmfr-contact@draeger.com

REGION MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA Dräger Medical GmbH Branch Office Dubai Dubai Healthcare City P.O. Box 505108 Dubai, United Arab Emirates Tel + 971 436 24 762 Fax + 971 436 24 761 contactua@draeger.com REGION ASIA / PACIFIC Draeger Medical South East Asia Pte Ltd 25 International Business Park #04-27/29 German Centre Singapore 609916, Singapore Tel +65 6572 4388 Fax +65 6572 4399 asia.pacific@draeger.com

Manufacturer: Dräger Medical GmbH 23542 Lübeck, Germany The quality management system at Dräger Medical GmbH is certified according to ISO 13485, ISO 9001 and Annex II.3 of Directive 93/42/EEC (Medical devices).